# MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

B 3651

# INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

HISTORIC	ay House			
AND/OR COMMON				
LOCATION	V			
STREET & NUMBER	2517 Huron Stree	et (Mt. Winans -	Hullsville)	
CITY, TOWN	mara Maruland	c	ONGRESSIONAL DISTR	ICT
Baltimore Maryland vicinity of			COUNTY	
STATE				
CLASSIFIC	CATION		i le sieur	
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
_DISTRICT	PUBLIC	<b>★</b> OCCUPIED	_AGRICULTURE	_MUSEUM
BUILDING(S)	PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	_COMMERCIAL	PARK
*STRUCTURE	вотн	_WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	*PRIVATE RESIDE
SITE	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
OBJECT	_IN PROCESS	YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTED	_INDUSTRIAL	_TRANSPORTATI
		_NO	MILITARY	_OTHER:
OWNER O	FPROPERTY			
NAME Jesles	F PROPERTY ster Gray and Wife		phone #:	
NAME Jesles				
NAME Jesles STREET & NUMBER 2517 F	eter Gray and Wife	Tele	phone #:	ip code
NAME Jesles STREET & NUMBER 2517 H CITY, TOWN Baltin	eter Gray and Wife Huron Street more	Tele VICINITY OF Maryland	ephone #:  STATE, Z 21230	
NAME Jesles STREET & NUMBER 2517 H CITY, TOWN Baltin	eter Gray and Wife	Tele	ephone #:  21230  21230	
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CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

EXCELLENT SOOD

\_\_DETERIORATED

\_UNALTERED

**∠**ORIGINAL SITE

\_\_FAIR

UNEXPOSED

\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_\_

#### DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

B3651 2517 Huron St. Hullsville Gray c.1910

The Gray House is a gable, frame dwelling with a high pitched roof. It resembles an A frame home and has two wings telescoped and cantilevered from the central wing. The house is located in the historically black community of Mt. Winans. This section of Mt. Winans has been identified as Hullsville by the older black residents.

The house is located on a block which is bounded by Huron St. on the west, Hollins Ferry Road on the north, Puget St. to the east, and Harmon St. on the south. The lot is located within Hull's Addition in an urbanized area about seven miles south west of Baltimore's Inner Harbor area. The lots are organized in a typical grid pattern but having long, rectangular plat lines. Hullsville is a community which is bounded by Hollins Ferry Road on the north and east, and the B and O Railroad on the south and west.

The front elevation of the house exhibits asymmetrical fenestration of windows and a door. A gussett has been added to the bend in the L of the extended wing on the side of the houses. This house has been substantially remodeled and the unusual proportions reflect changes that were made to the interior to accommodate a larger upper storey.

PERIOD	AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW				
EHISTORIC	_ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC	COMMUNITY PLANNING	_LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE	RELIGION	
_1400-1499	_ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC	CONSERVATION	_LAW	SCIENCE	
_1500-1599	AGRICULTURE	ECONOMICS	LITERATURE	SCULPTURE	
_1600-1699	ARCHITECTURE	EDUCATION	MILITARY	_SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN	
1700-1799	ART	ENGINEERING	MUSIC	THEATER	
¥1800-1899	COMMERCE	EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT	PHILOSOPHY	_TRANSPORTATION	
1900-	COMMUNICATIONS	INDUSTRY	POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	_OTHER (SPECIFY)	
		INVENTION			

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Not available

#### CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10	GEOGRAPHICAL DATA	١
	ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY	

#### VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

2517 Huron Street (parcel)
Hull's Addition
Mt. Winans area
Baltimore, Maryland

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

COUNTY

STATE

COUNTY

### **III** FORM PREPARED BY

NAME/TITLE Barbara Collins Turner

October 1982

ORGANIZATION Center for Built Environment Studies

DATE

STREET & NUMBER

Morgan State University

444-3225 TELEPHONE

CITY OR TOWN

Baltimore Maryland

STATE

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

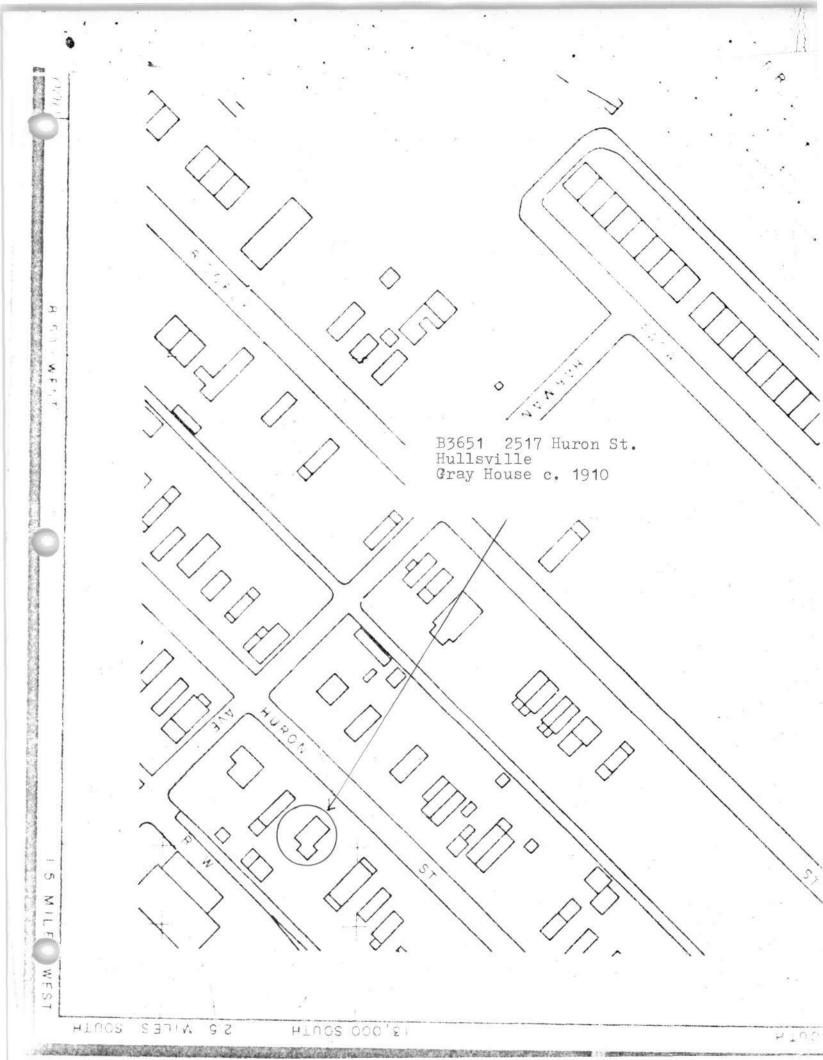
#### 8. Statement of Significance

It is not uncommon for groups of people who shared ethnic identities to form urban or rural settlements where the architecture, folklore, and other aspects of material culture were actively pursued and transmitted within the community. In spite of the peculiar aspects of the black American's trek from slavery to freedom, black recycle also responded to the struggle for existence by forming communities and settlements consciously. What is needed is an evaluation of what is known about sites that are similicantly related to black history. This evaluation requires expanding upon the historic sites inventory which is currently available and providing documentation of spatial relationships, functional characteristics, structural requirements, and rodifications. Ideally, the findings here would be most significant where we identify spaces that were occupied by slaves, free blacks, influential black leaders, professionals, working class and poor blacks within a relevant comparative framework.

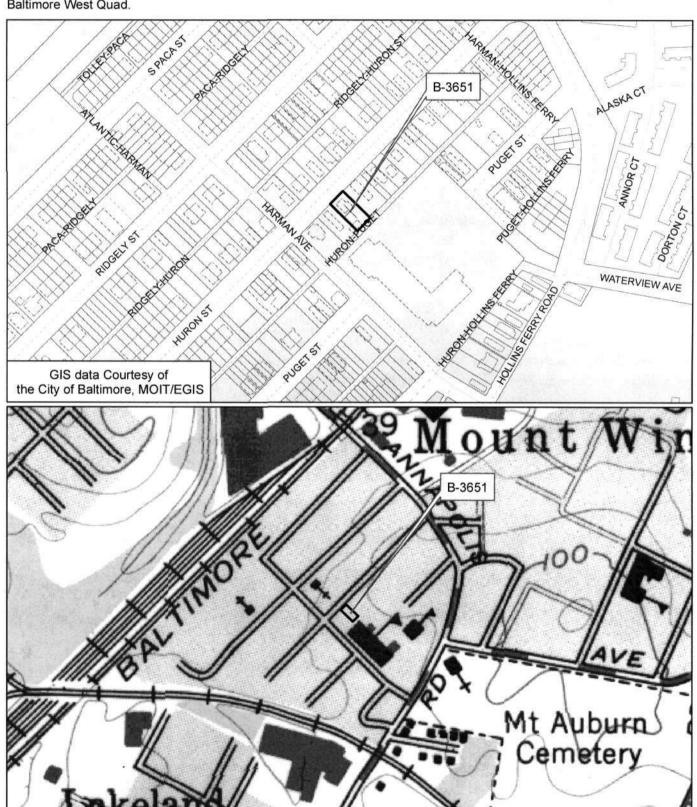
The black town was formally conceived as a community followin Emancipation and dotted the American landscape from c.1870 through the 1930's. These were usually formal communities located along an urban access route. The urban enclave, on the other hand, is a black settlement which typically categorizes the early communities that are historically black in urbanized areas. Itis probably the most pervasive form of community in cities and its remnants are extent throughout the United States . Usually, a partiarchal community was formed around a colored school of church, and houses were built by the families who purchased lots from the patriarch. As cities grew, these communities became annexed by the city and formed the basic black district in the older areas. The grid plan is the form determinant although a spatial analysis of the relationship between spaces and nodal axis points which qualify spatial hierarchies is desperately needed.

Hullsville, (At Winans) was settled in 1853 with the construction of the Sharp Street Memorial African Methodist Chapel. The community was established by 1878 where home building, roads and service institutions were defining the community. Nost of the heads of households were indipendent artisans, semi-skilled laborers, and craftsmen. The conception of the community was defined by its racial homogeniety and the independent economic status of the men.

A modified grid plan was developed by the community although this system may have been a natural response to the street system. This community is defined by exceptionally wide streets, their axis being determined by natural contours of the land rather than a formal idealized plan. The form of the dominant house type in the early houses is vernacular, detached row houses probably reminiscent of the city image that the founding residents maintained.



B-3651 Gray House 2517 Huron Street Block 7472 Lot 039 Baltimore City Baltimore West Quad.





B3651 Gray House General View Fern Eisner, phtogr. 6/82